



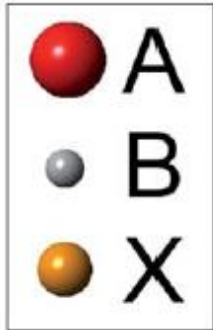
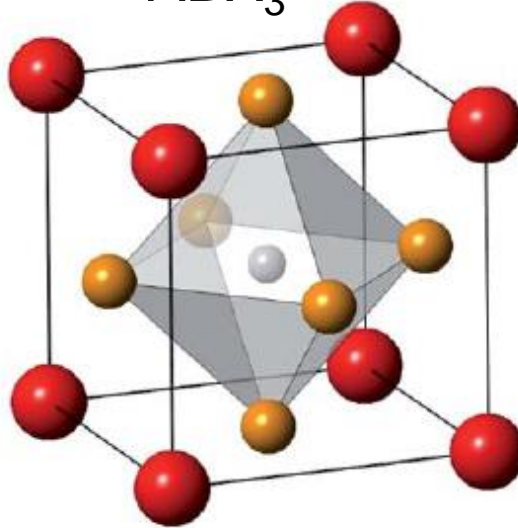
# Monolithic Perovskite Tandem Solar Cells: Towards 30% Efficiency

**Steve Albrecht <sup>1,4</sup>, Eva Unger <sup>2</sup>, Christian Kaufmann <sup>3</sup>,  
and Bernd Stannowski <sup>3</sup> + many more**

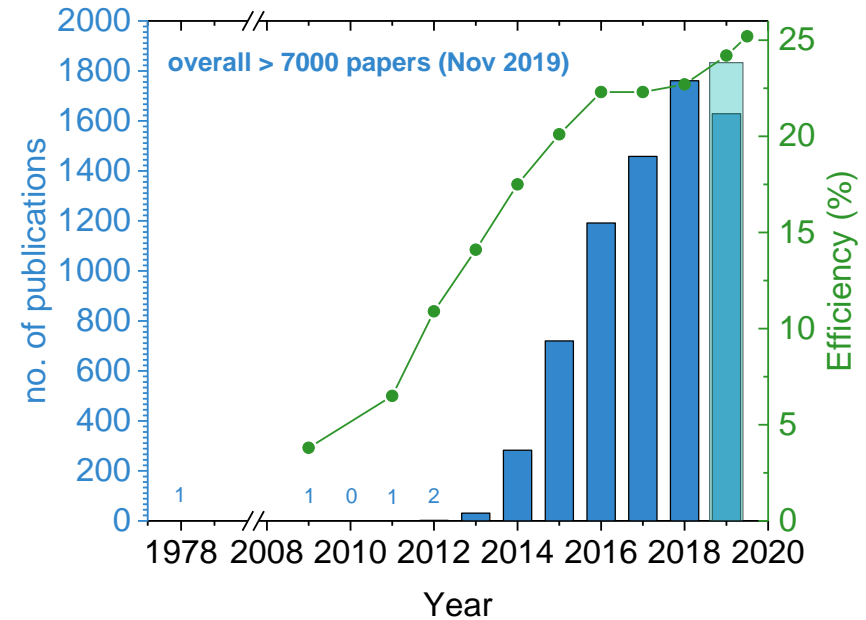
<sup>1</sup> Investigator Group Perovskite Tandem Solar Cells, <sup>2</sup> Investigator Group Hybrid Materials Formation and Scaling, <sup>3</sup> PVcomB, Helmholtz-Center Berlin, Germany

<sup>3</sup> Faculty IV - Electrical Engineering, Technical University Berlin, Germany



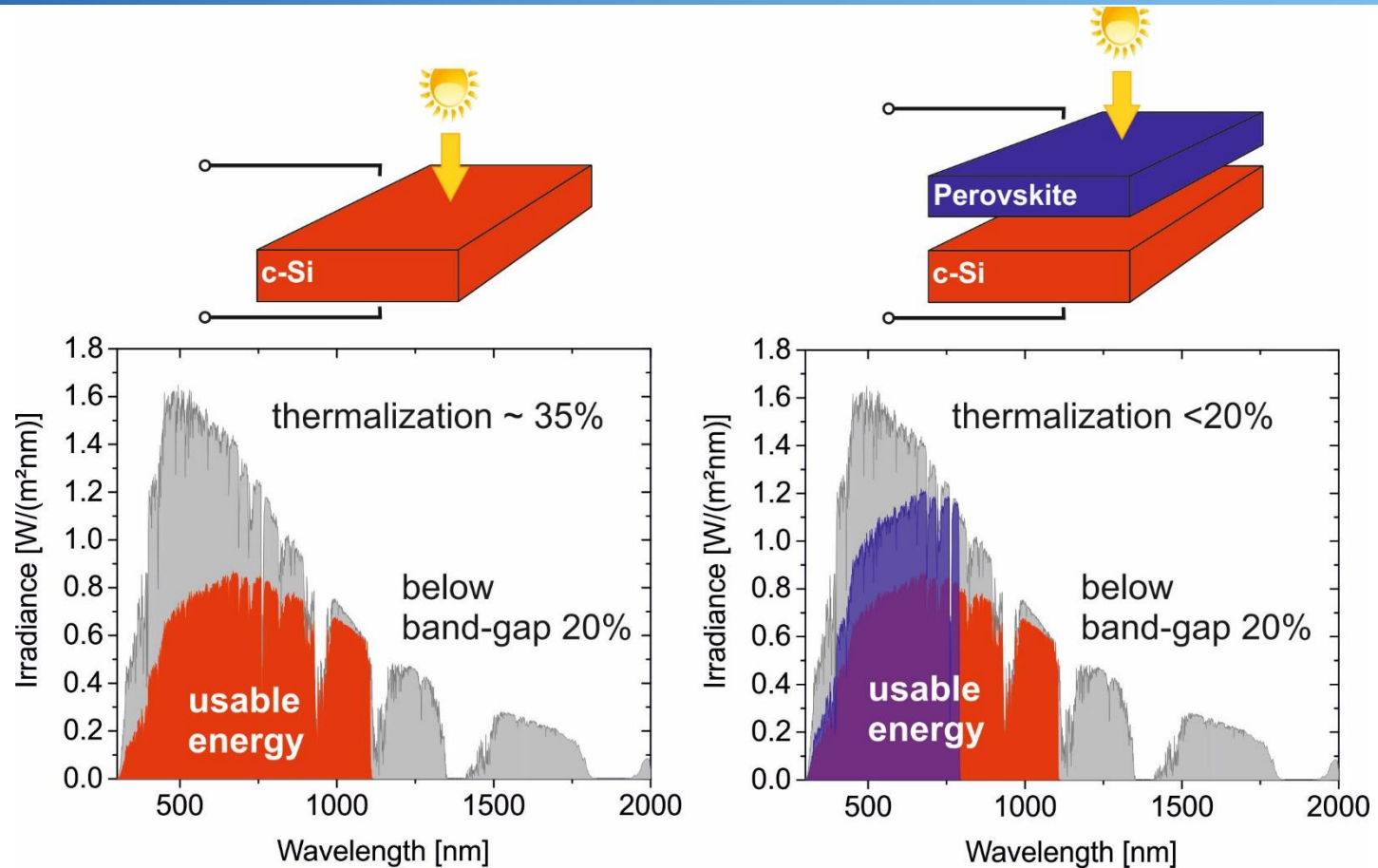


*Snaith et al., Energy Environ. Sci., 2014, 7, 982*

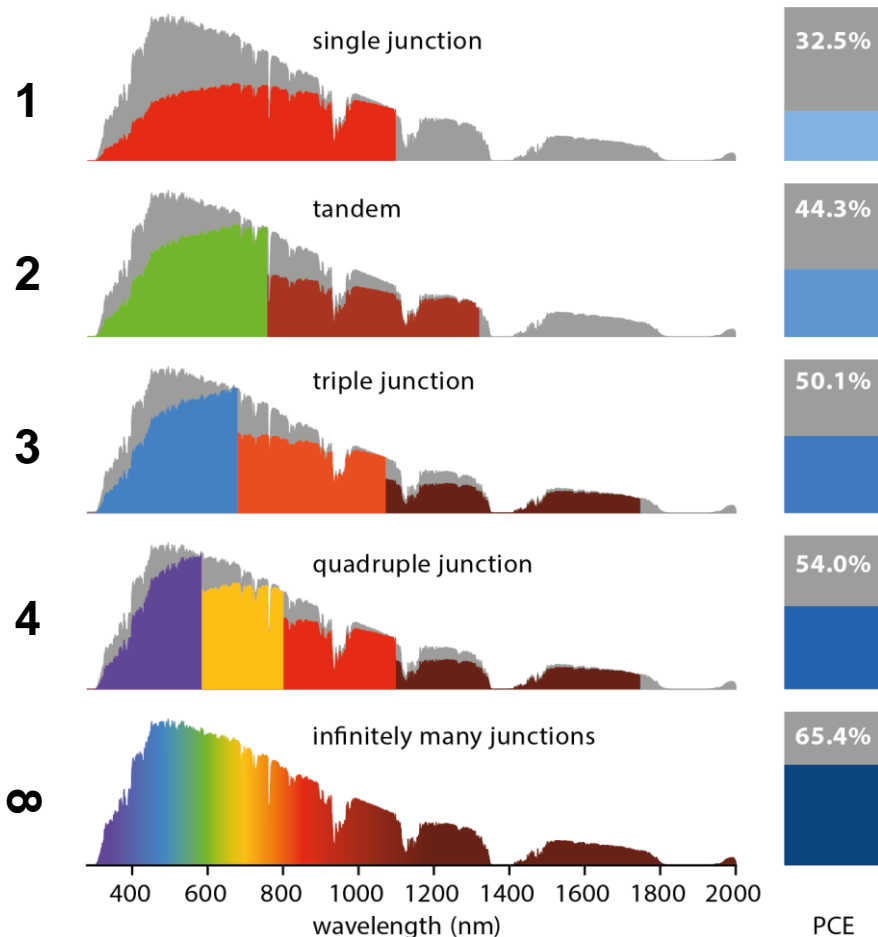


Source: Web of Science  
Search in title „perovskite solar cell“

- First discovered as  $\text{CaTiO}_3$  in 1840 by Gustav Rose
- 2000 perovskites are currently known
- First organic-inorganic Perovskites by Dieter Weber in 1978
- First application in solar cells late 2008/09 with 3.8%, today over 25% efficiency

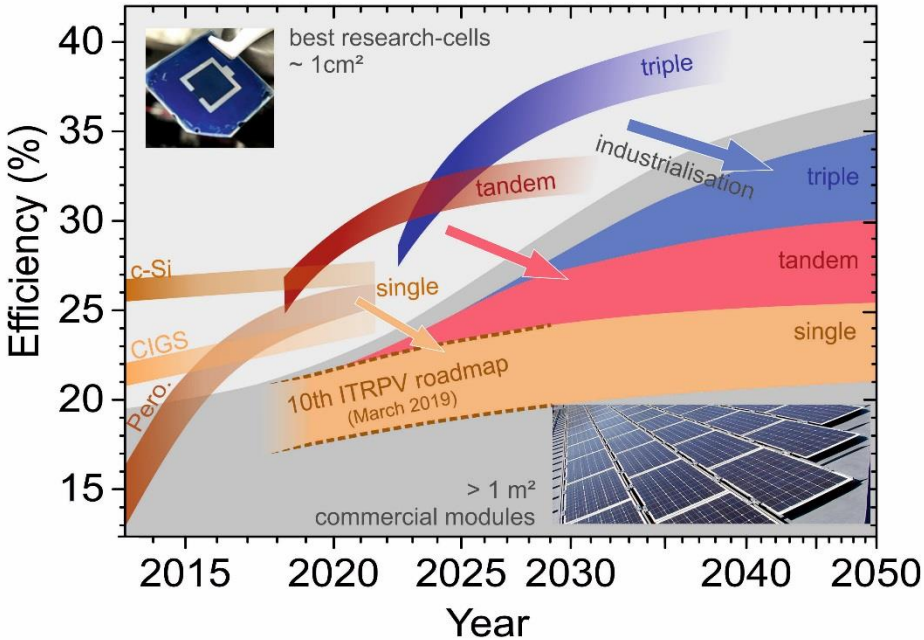


- high loss from thermalization
- high energy photons are absorbed by perovskite
  - converted at a high voltage
  - reduced losses from thermalization
- infrared photons are transmitted into c-Si cover a wide spectral range of absorption

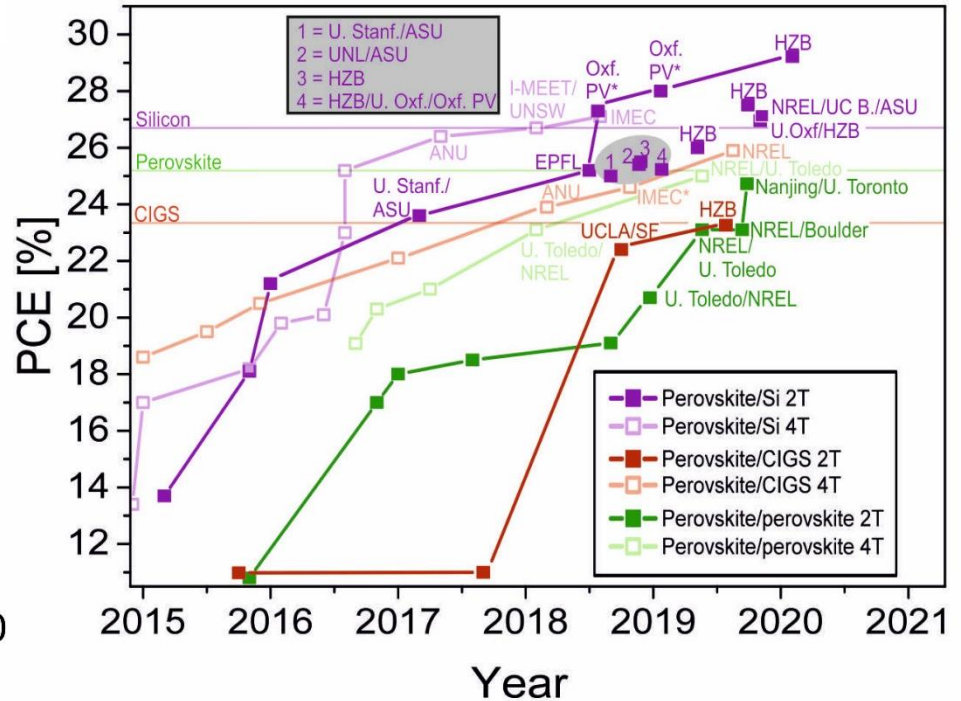


- Efficiency limit increases with no. of sub-cells/junctions
- Triple junction with >50% limit
- Infinite no. of junctions >65%
- Even higher limits for concentrated sun-light

Image courtesy: Klaus Jäger (HZB)



- Single junctions will be limited in efficiency
- Multi-junctions with perovskite top cells can overcome fundamental limitations



- Main 2T achievements:
- Different teams reach ~27% with Perovskite/Si
  - Higher than best Si single junction!
- After long time w/o results: Recently promising results 24.2% with Perovskite/CIGS tandems
  - Similar to best CIGS single junction!
- Improvements in Sn-based Perovskites enabled 24.2% Perovskite/Perovskite tandems


certified, > 1 cm<sup>2</sup>



**BMBF Young Investigator Group**  
Eva Unger  
*Hybrid Materials  
Formation&Scaling*



**Helmholtz-Young Investigator Group**  
Antonio Abate  
*Perovskite PV  
Stability & Interfaces*

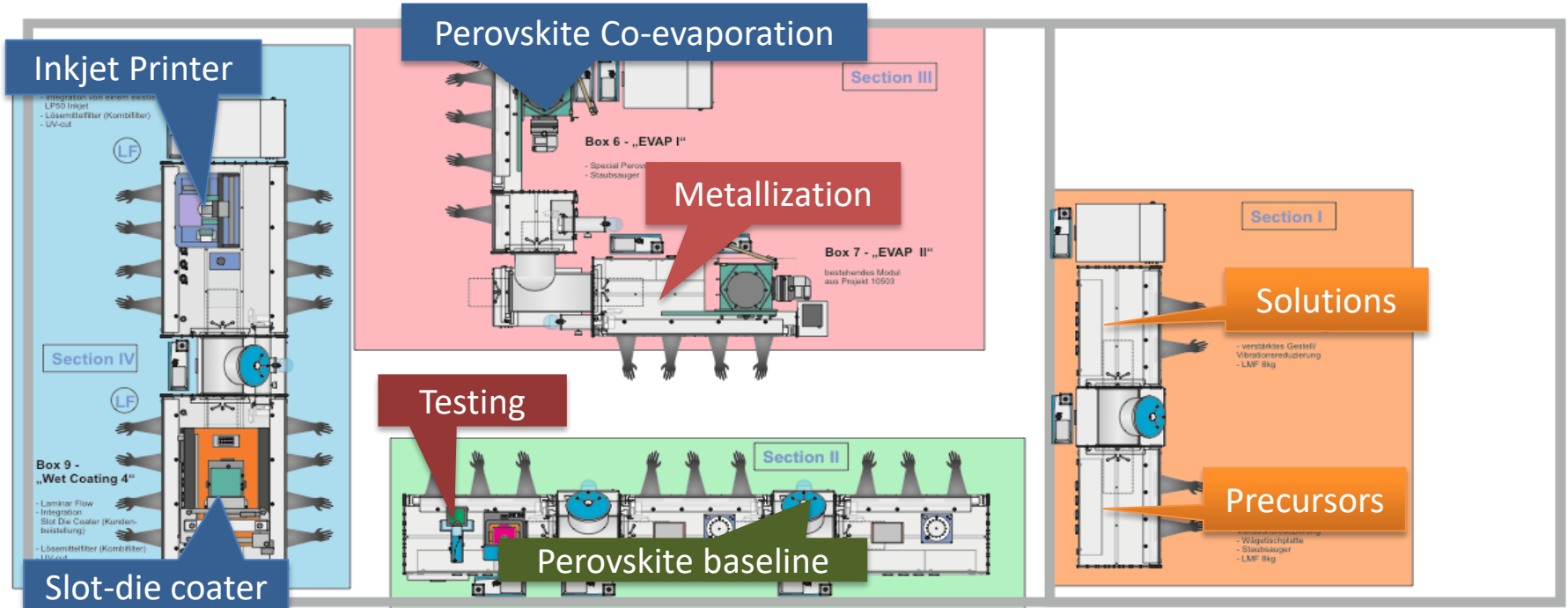


**BMBF-Young Investigator Group**  
Steve Albrecht  
*Perovskite Tandem  
Photovoltaics*

**Larger area**

**stable**

**multijunction devices**



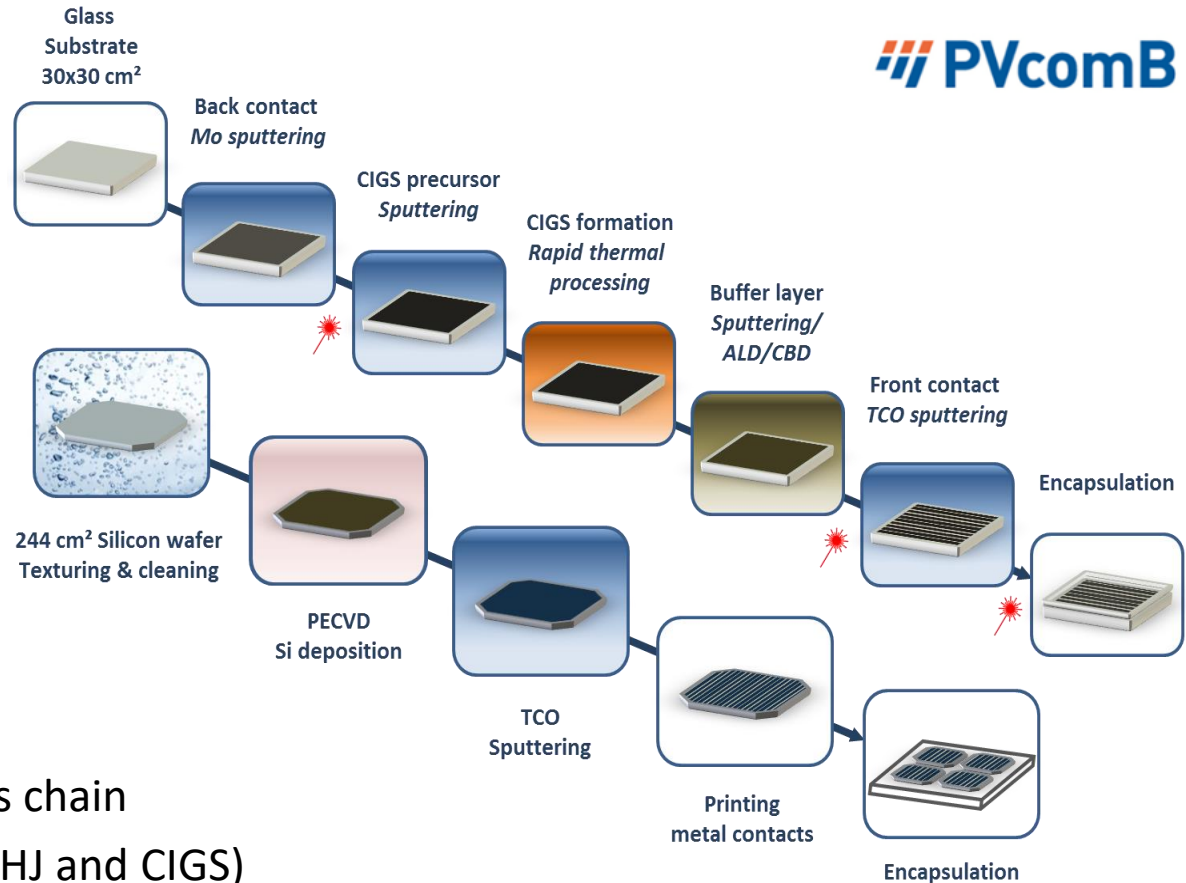




>40 users working on perovskite solar cell related questions

**check out  
virtual lab tour**

## 30×30 cm<sup>2</sup> CIGS



## Objectives

- Transfer results from HZB's research into industry

## Approach

- Run complete baseline process chain
- PVcomB's core technologies (SHJ and CIGS)
- Support development of industrial partners
- Advance TRL of early-stage technologies:
  - **Multi-junctions**
  - Building integrated PV
  - Solar fuels

**visit  
break-out session #2**





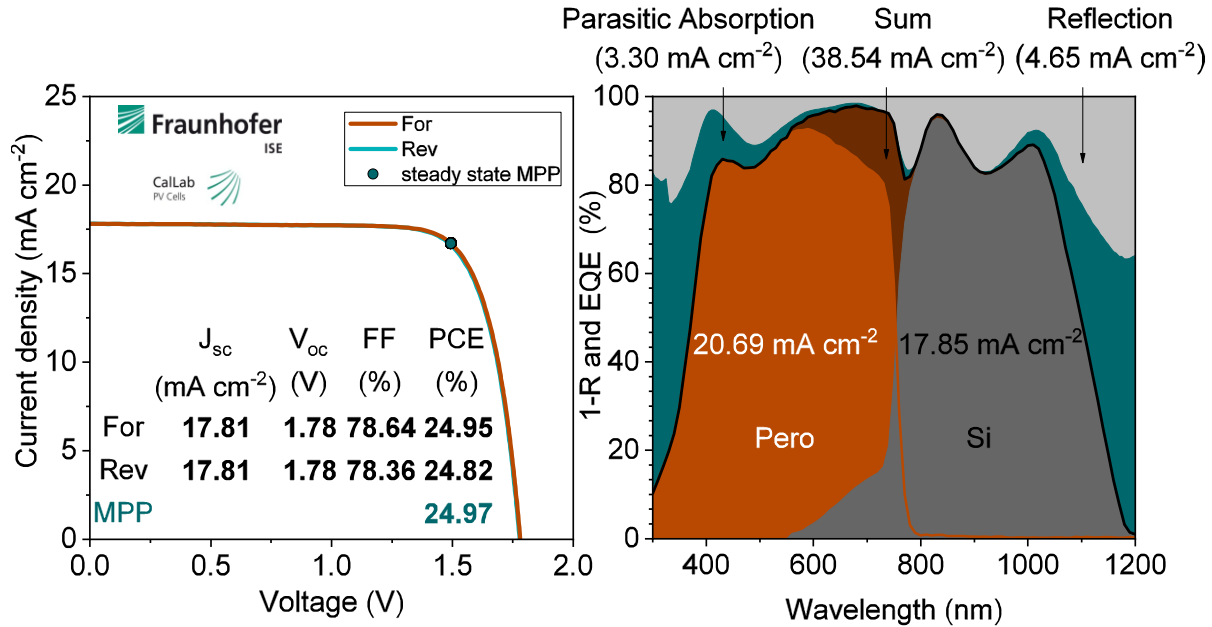
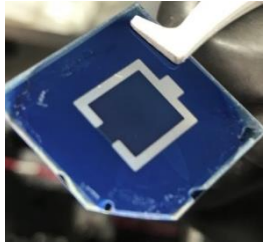
**PEROVSKITE PRINTING PHOTONICS**

- 1. Results on Perovskite/Silicon Heterojunction (SHJ) Tandems**
- 2. Results on Perovskite/CIGS Tandems**
- 3. Upscaling of Perovskite-based Tandems**

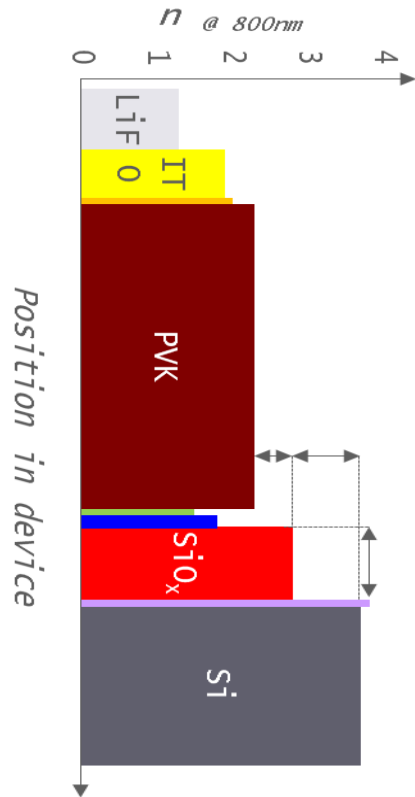


**PEROVSKITE PRINTING PHOTONICS**

# Results on Perovskite/SHJ Tandems



- Certified 24.97% PCE
  - Certified J<sub>sc</sub> close to J<sub>sc,EQE</sub> measured in-house
- Highly unmatched currents
- High NIR reflection due to non optimized optics
  - Non optimized nc-SiOx:H thickness and top-contact

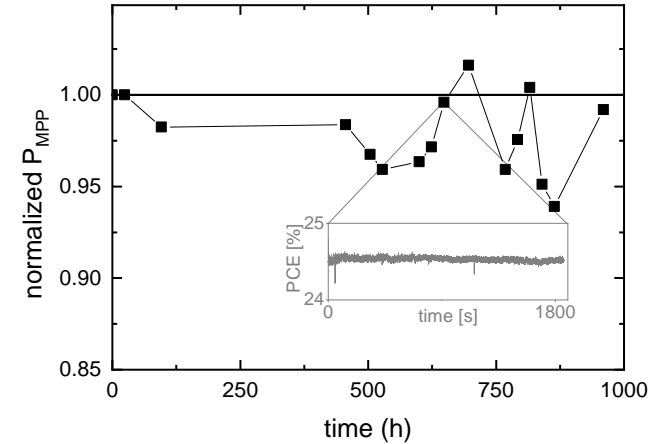
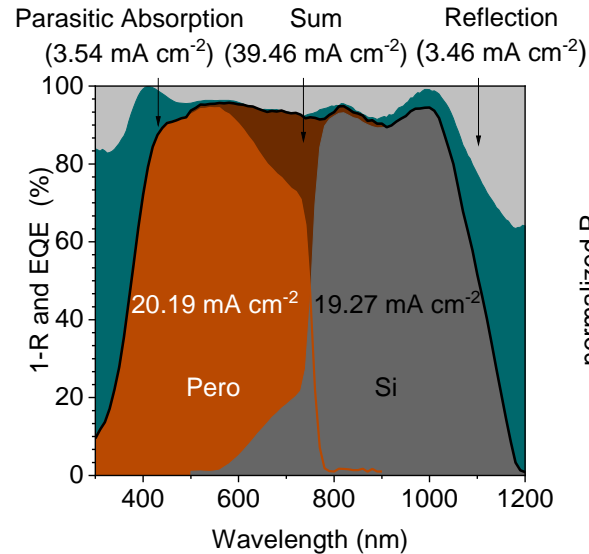
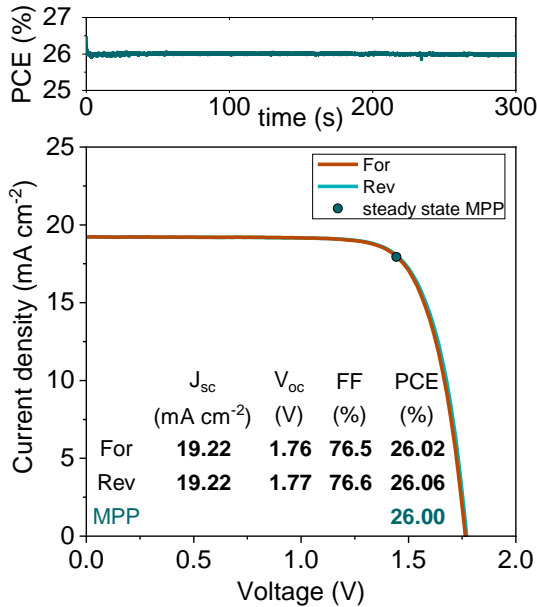


- Higher refractive index enhances light in-coupling to Si
- Optimum for ~ 100 nm thickness and  $n \sim 2.7$ 
  - Closer to current matching, reduced reflection loss
- 25.2% certified tandem efficiency realized

$$a) n_1 = \sqrt{n_0 \cdot n_2}$$

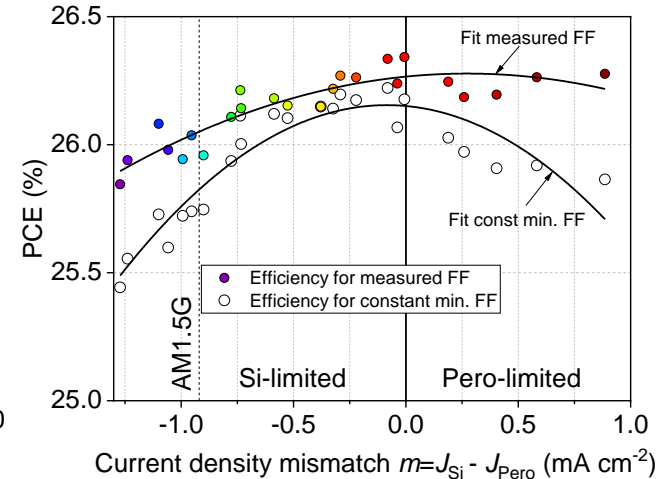
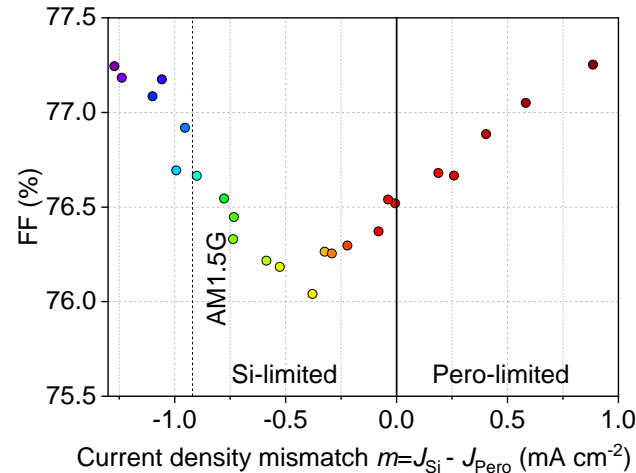
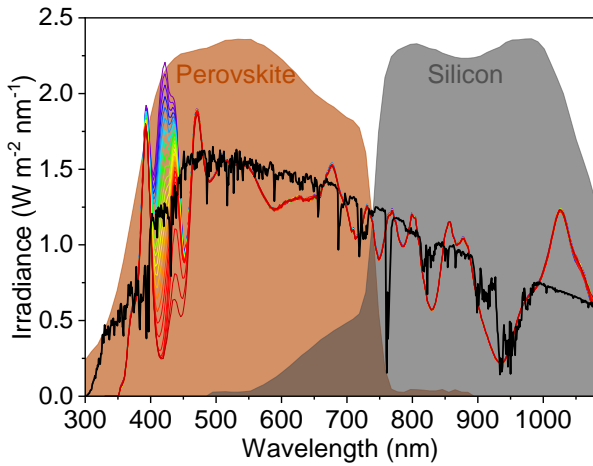
$$b) n_1 \cdot d_1 = k \cdot \frac{\lambda_0}{4}$$





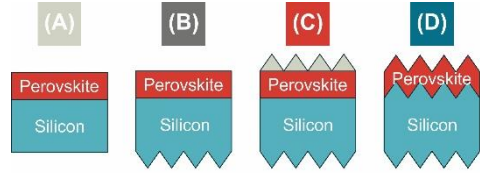
- Optimized thickness and top-contact
- Nearly matched sub cells, reduced reflection
- PCE of 26.0% highest scientifically published value to date
- Over 40 mA/cm<sup>2</sup> (19.8 matched) at 25.5% achieved as well
- >98% stability after 1000h in air

*Köhnen et al., Sustainable Energy & Fuels, 2019,3,1995*

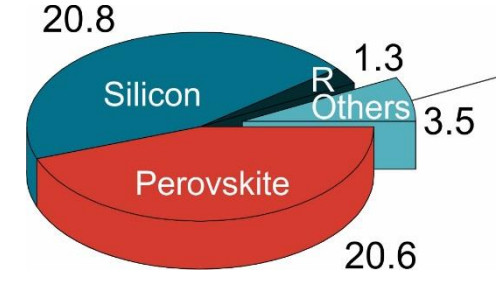


- 1.3% FF gain per  $\text{mA/cm}^2$  mismatch
- Reduces sensitivity on spectral changes – impact on outdoor performance
- From electrical simulations: recombination layer non-linear

**visit  
break-out session #7**

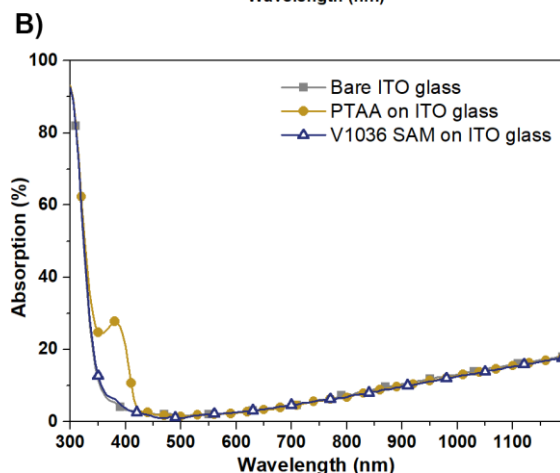
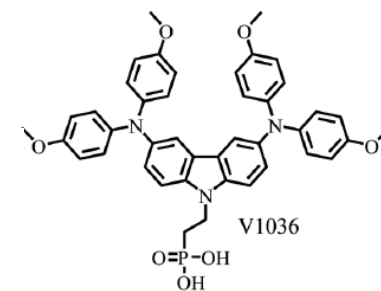
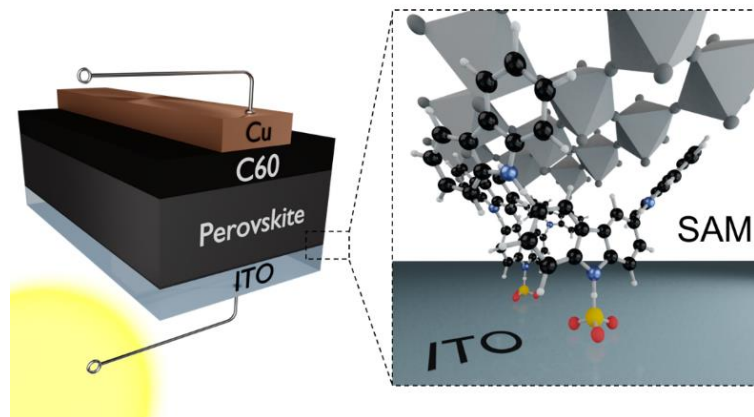
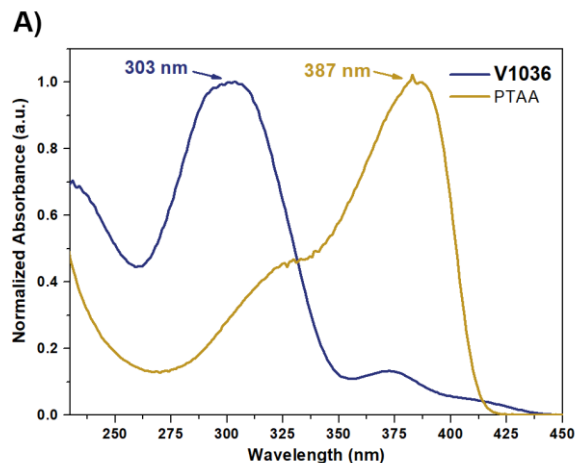


| Device design              | $E_g$ opt. [eV] | $J_{sc\_sim}$ [ $mA\ cm^{-2}$ ] | $V_{oc}$ [V] | $V_{oc, pero}$ [V] | FF [%] | PCE [%] |
|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------|---------|
| Flat (A)                   | 1.69            | 19.07                           | 2.00         | 1.29               | 80     | 30.5    |
| Back-side texture (B)      | 1.65            | 20.01                           | 1.96         | 1.25               | 80     | 31.4    |
| Back texture + LM foil (C) | 1.66            | 19.97                           | 1.97         | 1.26               | 80     | 31.5    |
| Both-side texture (D)      | 1.66            | 20.56                           | 1.97         | 1.26               | 80     | 32.5    |



- Optimized band gap 1.66 – 1.69 eV
  - Depends on the device architecture
- Highest efficiency potential for device (D) due to higher photocurrent
  - However: assumption to have same Pero quality on textured surface
  - **Increasing the top-cell Voc highly important**
  - **Increase the FF to 80% and above**

Jost, et al., Energy & Environ. Science, 2018,11,3511

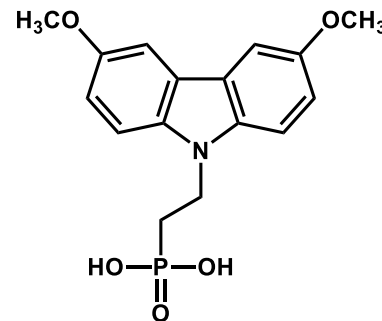
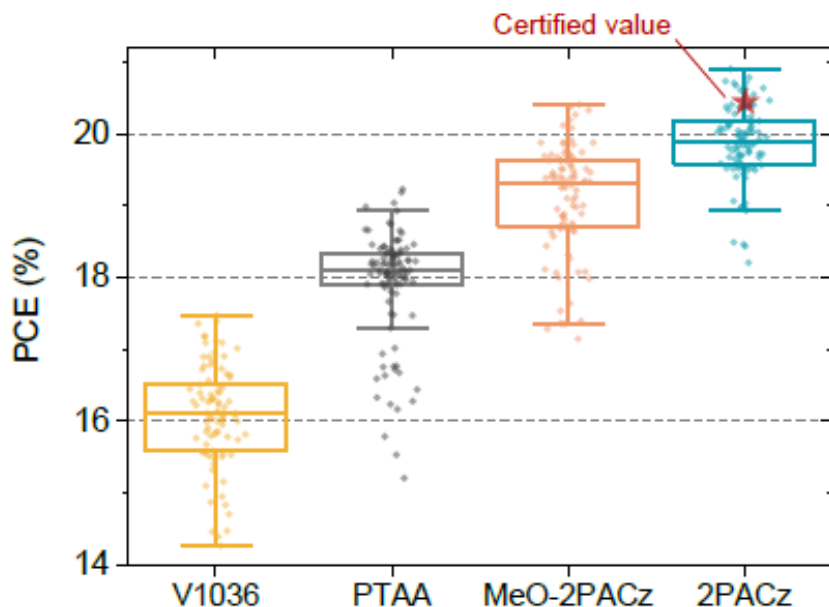


- Covalent bonding to ITO, robust against solution processing
- Reduced absorption loss
- Close to 18% PCE in p-i-n perovskite solar cell

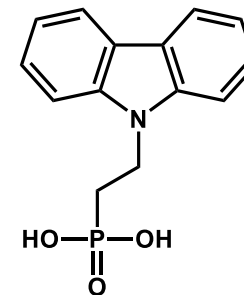


# 2nd Generation SAM MeO-2PACz, 2PACz

SAM 1st Gen  
Standard  
SAM 2nd Gen  
SAM 2nd Gen



MeO-2PACz



2PACz

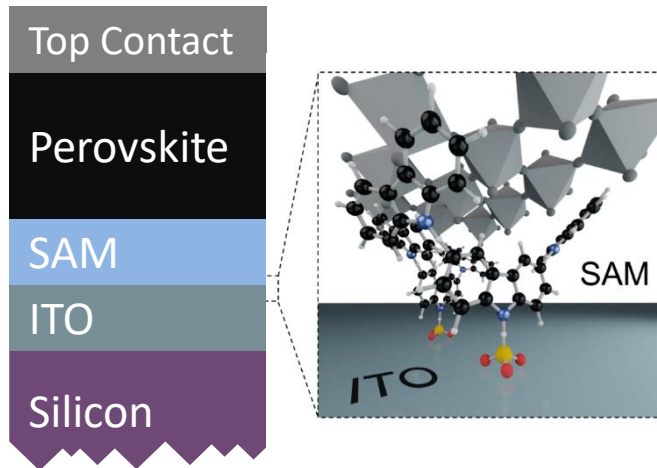
- Terminated by methoxy groups
- Simplest possible Carbazole SAM

Al-Ashouri et al., Energy Environ. Sci., 2019, Advance Article DOI: 10.1039/C9EE02268F

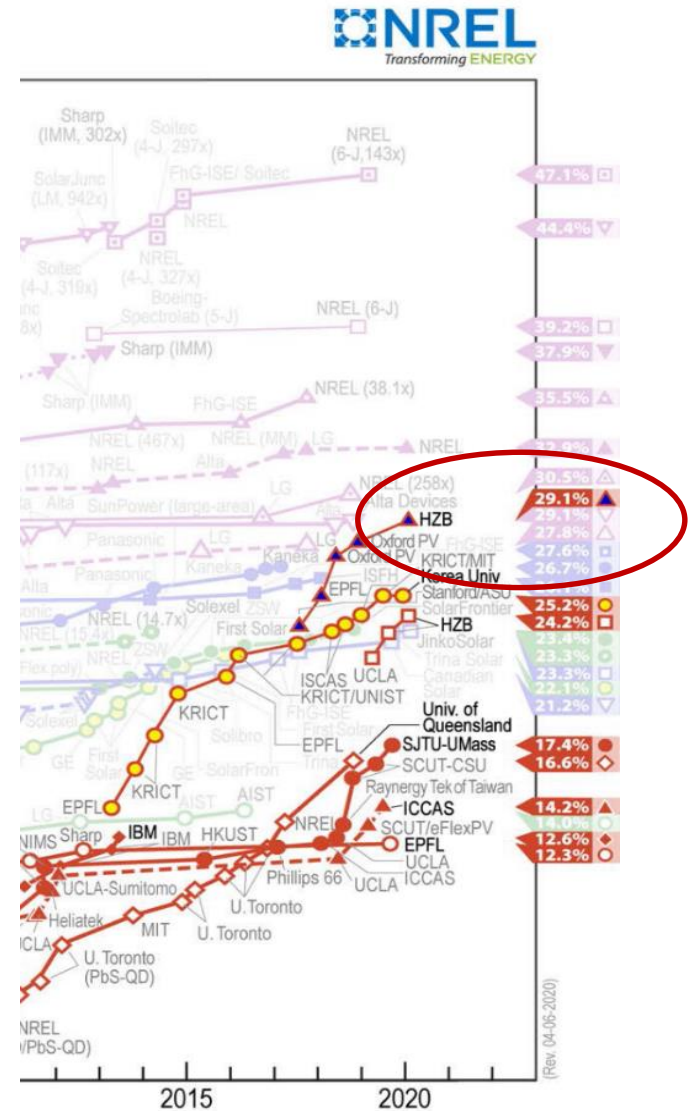
Patents : DE 10 2018 115 379.1, PCT/EP2019/060586, DE 10 2019 116 851.1

MeO-2PACz and 2PACz provided by





- 3<sup>rd</sup> generation of SAM molecules
- integrated into Pero/Si tandem
- Fine-tuning and stabilizing of Perovskite band gap to ~1.68 eV
- Enhanced hole extraction for higher FFs
- **Record 29.15% efficiency (>1 cm<sup>2</sup>)**
- **Promising stability data (300 h)**

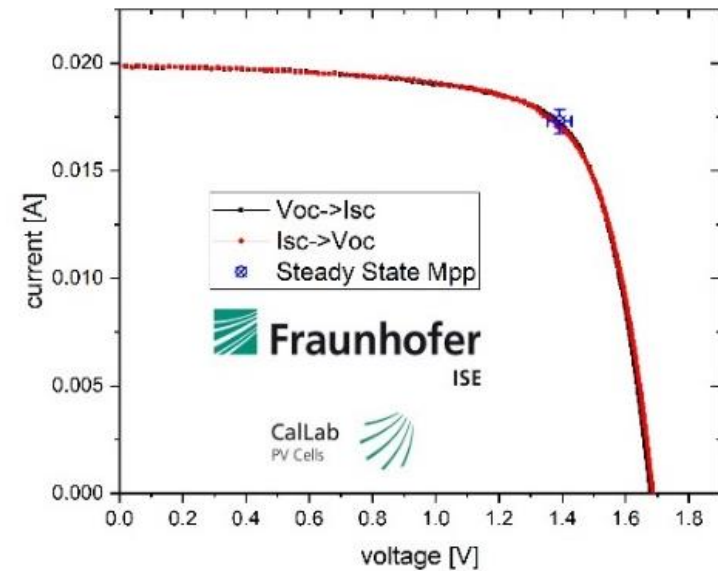
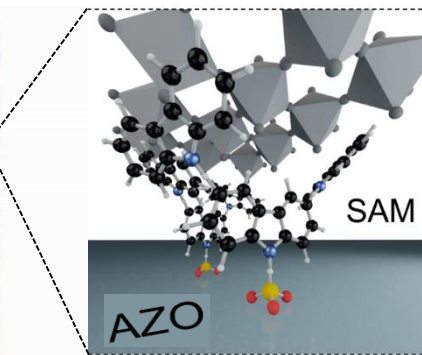
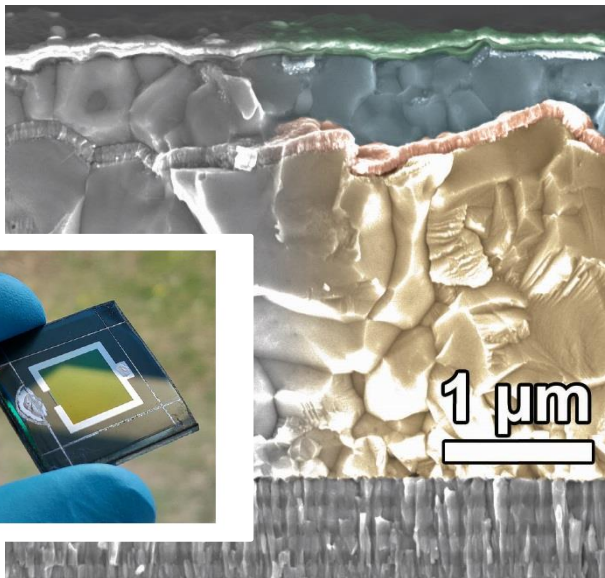


Al-Ashouri, Köhnen et al, Science (2020) accepted



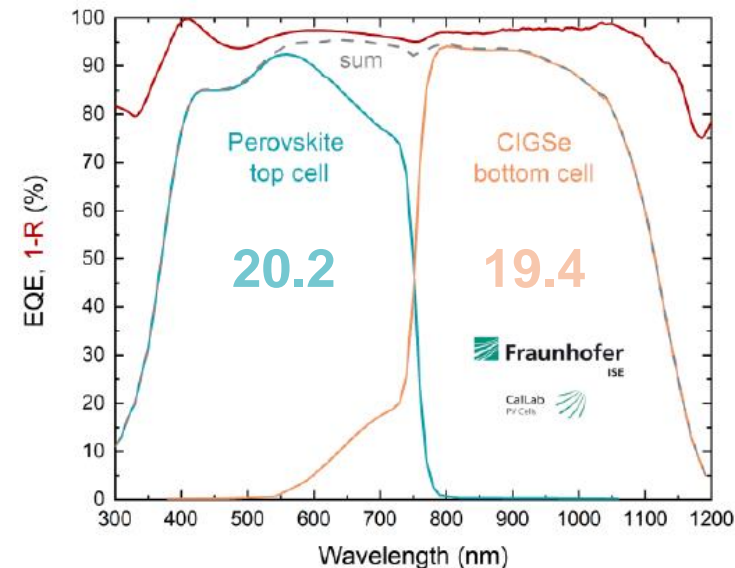
**PEROVSKITE PRINTING PHOTONICS**

# Results on Perovskite/CIGS Tandems



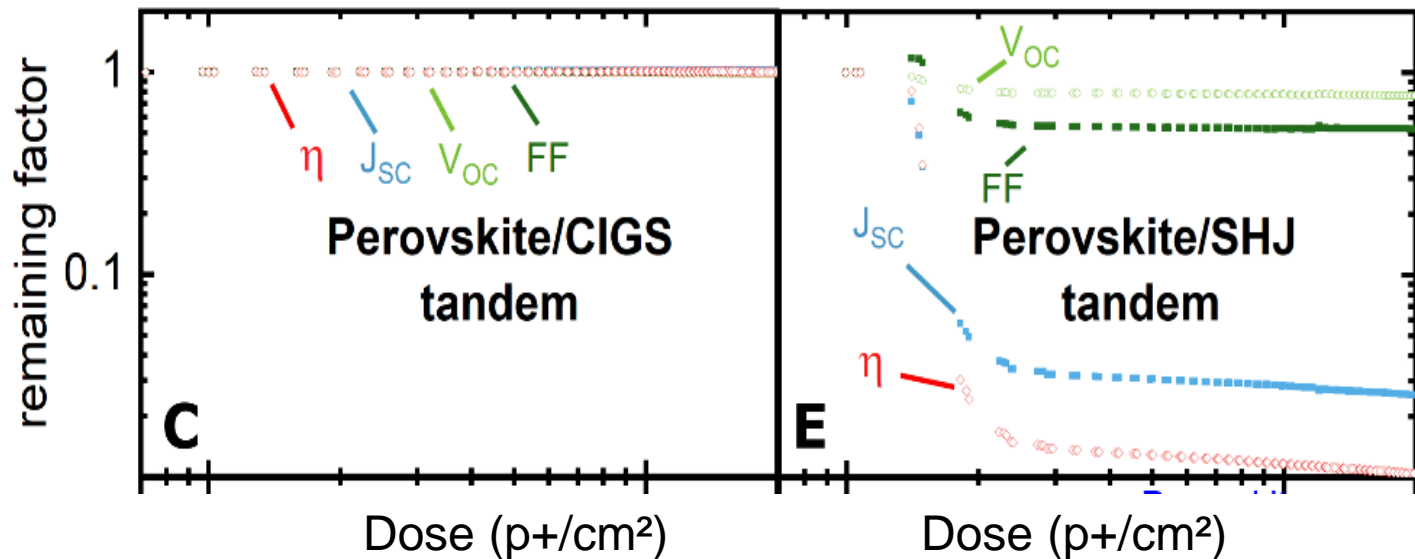
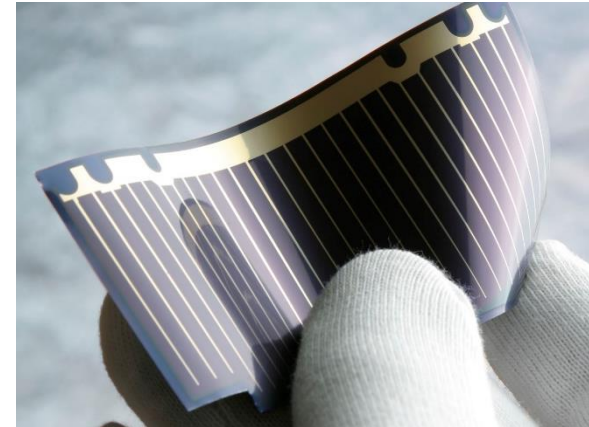
- 2<sup>nd</sup> Gen SAM integrated directly on top of rough CIGSe
- Optimized optics and SAM-improved Voc

| Area (cm <sup>2</sup> ) | MPP (%) | Jsc (mA/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | Voc (V) | FF (%) |
|-------------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------|--------|
| 1.035                   | 23.26   | 19.17                     | 1.68    | 72     |





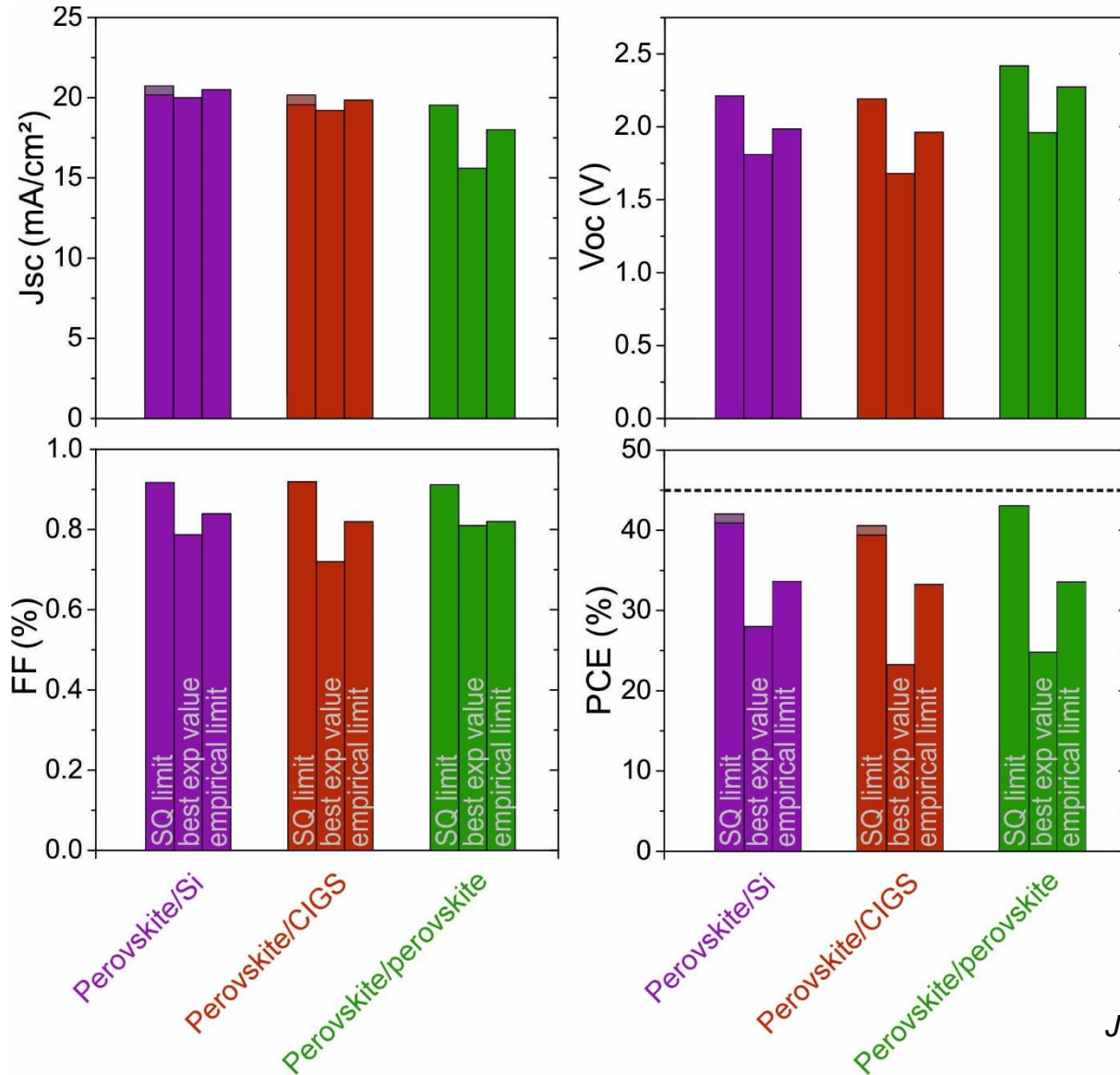
- Flexible may give access to “new” PV applications and markets.



- Pero/CIGS is stable under proton dose of >50 years at the ISS orbit!

Lang, et al., Joule, (2020),5, 1054

Lang et al., Advanced Materials (2016), 28, 8726



## What we learn:

- Perovskite-based tandem solar cells with **Silicon**, **CIGS** or **perovskite** bottom cells have around 34% efficiency potential

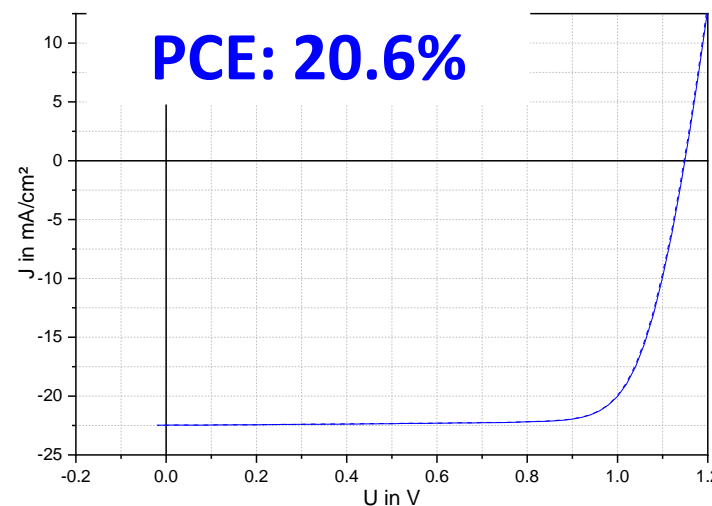
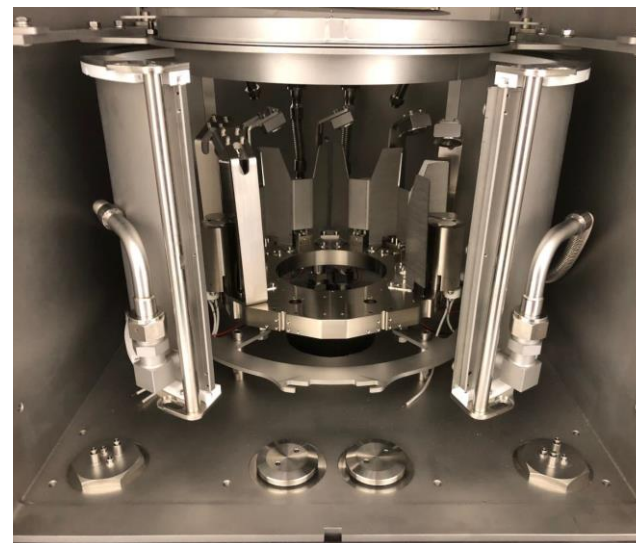
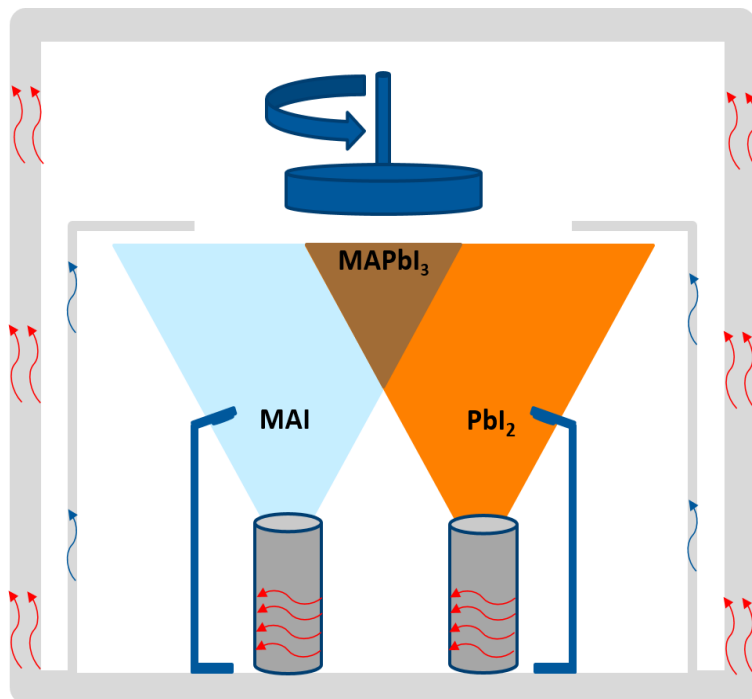


**PEROVSKITE PRINTING PHOTONICS**

# Upscaling of Perovskite Solar Cells

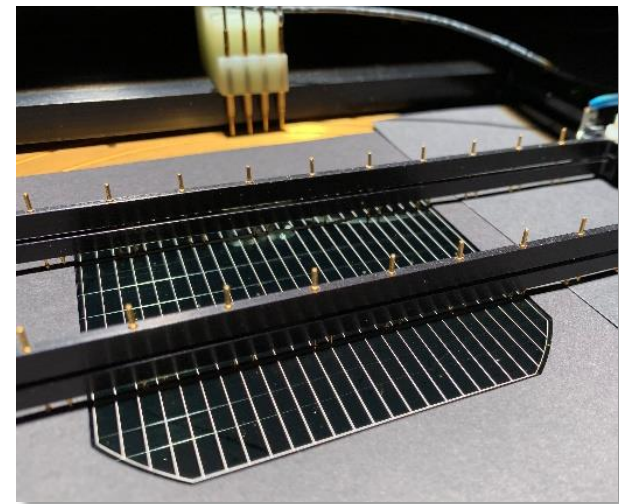
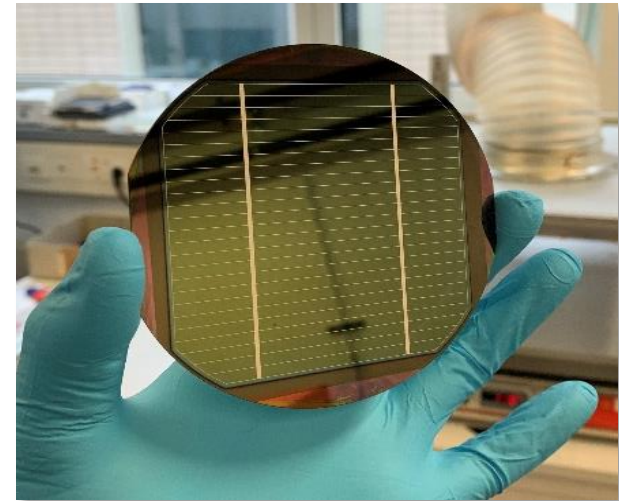
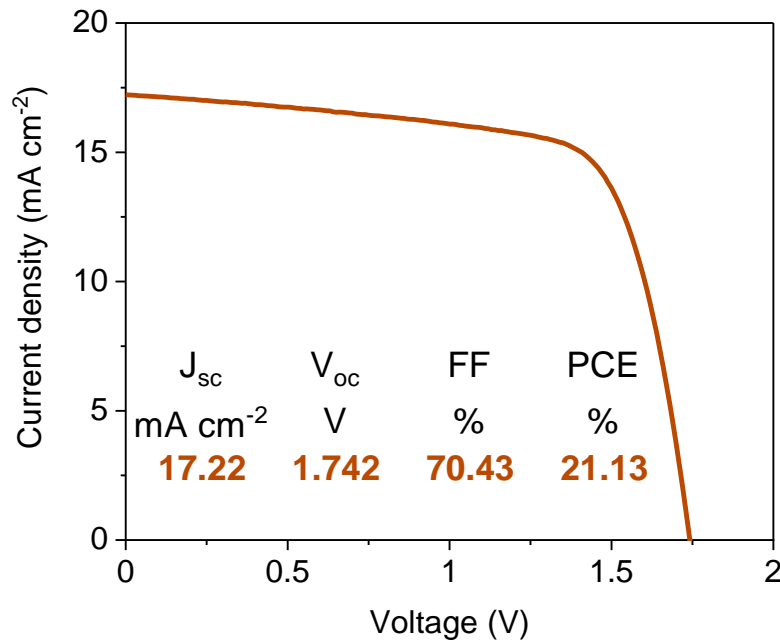
## New concept:

- thermal management system:
  - actively cooled and heated surfaces
- trapping of volatile MAI on cooled surfaces:
  - no re-evaporation from chamber walls
  - direct co-evaporation



## Proof-of-concept large area Perovskite/Si tandem:

- 60 cm<sup>2</sup> active area
- Perovskite absorber fully evaporated
- Front contact screen-printed at low temp.
- 21% PCE including shadowing losses



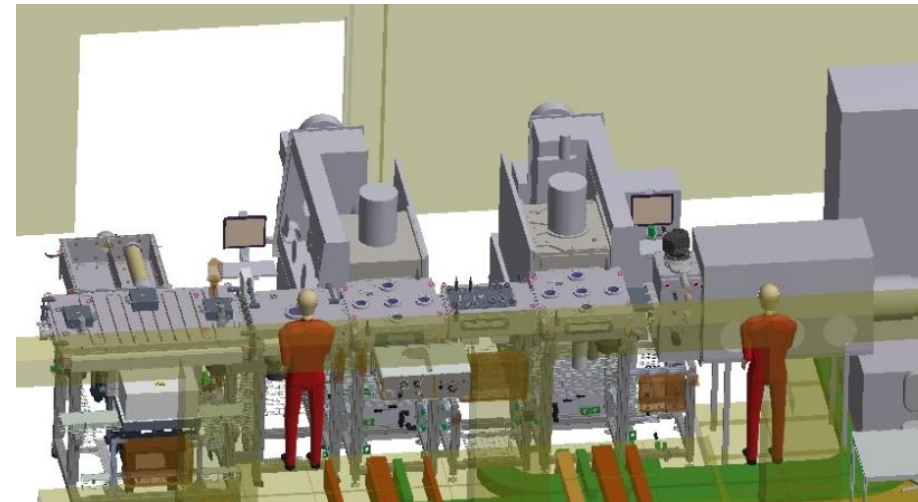
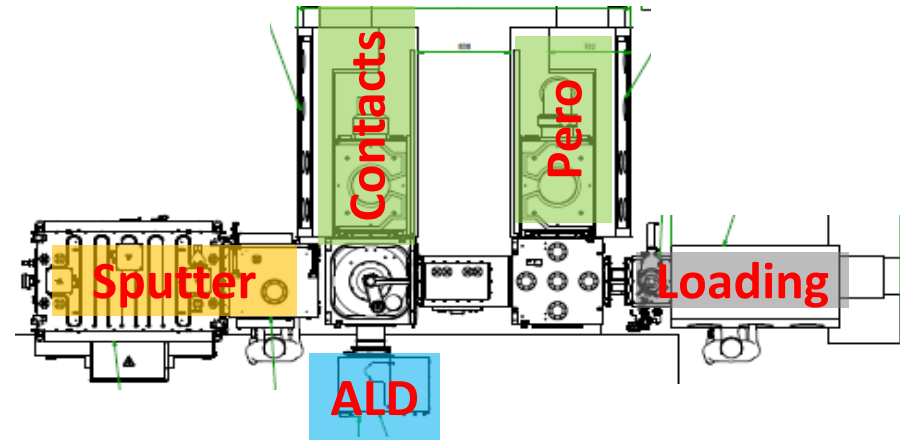
- Designed for 6” top cells for perovskite-based tandem solar cells
- Focus on vacuum deposition
  - Co-evaporation
  - Sputter deposition
  - ALD
- Baseline integration + industry collaboration
- Planned installation: Q2 2021

VON ARDENNE



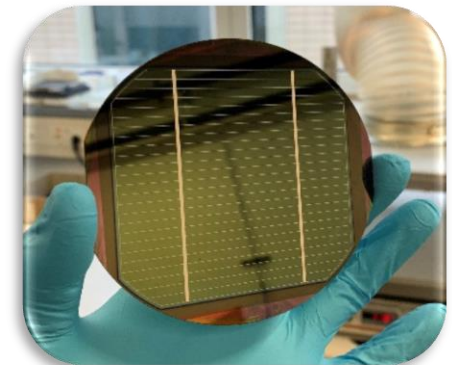
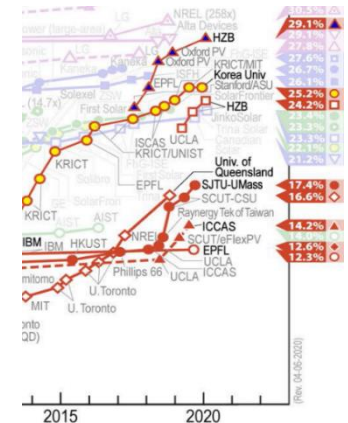
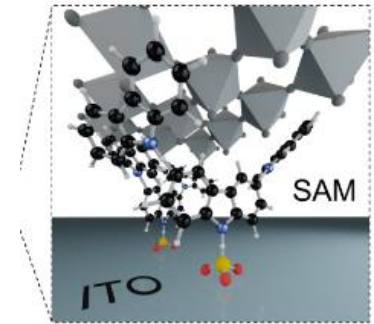
Federal Ministry  
for Economic Affairs  
and Energy

**CREAPHYS**  
MBRAUN GROUP





- Perovskite-based tandem solar cells: promising for next generation modules
- New versatile hole transporting SAMs
  - Record certified 24.16% 2T Pero/CIGS tandem
  - Record certified 29.15% 2T Pero/Si tandem
    - Promising stability
- New cluster tool for perovskite-based tandems on full wafer format
- Upscaling of perovskite via printing and thermal evaporation
  - Promising tandem results with scalable methods
  - 60 cm<sup>2</sup> perovskite/silicon tandem with 21%



Funding provided by:



Mesa-ZUMA



PersiST, P3T, Presto



HySPRINT, PeroSeed,  
TAPAS



SPP 2196, HIPSTER

