





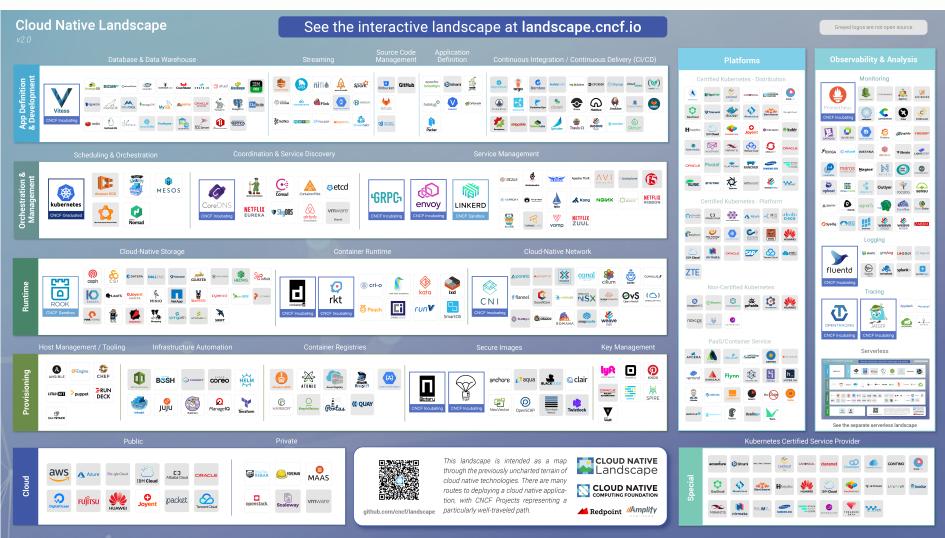
Raising Cloud Computing in a HPC production environment

- Use the Cloud to virtualize GRID/HPC architectures to run established workflows and/or migrate workflows from HPC to Cloud?
- Workflows already under construction, turning towards container orchestration engines. Atomic design: Do one thing and do it good.
- Growing demand for scalable visualisation, graphical interaction and dynamic resource management
- Data simply too big: Bring the computing to the data, not vice versa















Serverless Cloud Native Landscape v2.0

See the serverless interactive landscape at **s.cncf.io**

Greyed logos are not open source

Libraries



Tools

















Frameworks





























Platforms



























































Security





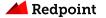


github.com/cncf/landscape

Serverless computing refers to a new model of cloud native computing, enabled by architectures that do not require server management to build and run applications. This landscape illustrates a finer-grained deployment model where applications, bundled as one or more functions, are uploaded to a platform and then executed, scaled, and billed in response to the exact demand needed at the moment.





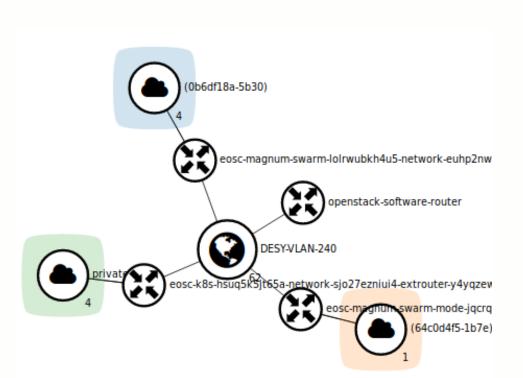






Magnum clusters on OpenStack

- Per project networking based on native OpenStack Objects: Neutron networks, software router, LbaaS, DNS
- Bare Metal Clusters and Infiniband supported. Overhead HPC O(1%) [1]



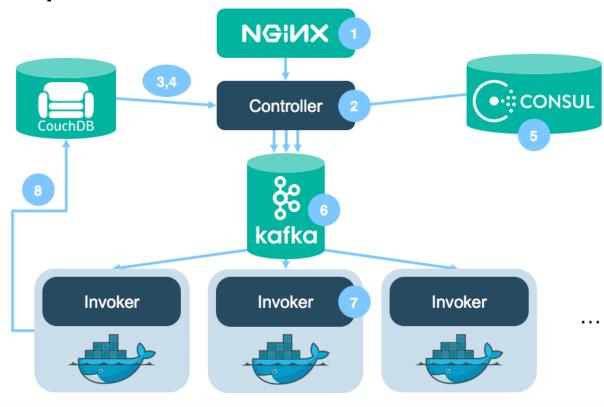
- Small clusters ready in less than 5 minutes
- Magnum does NOT run containers. Container management through native COE client: kubectl, docker swarm
- Performance and efficiency of native code execution with the abstraction, security and immutability of virtualization

[1] https://www.openstack.org/assets/science/OpenStack-CloudandHPC6x9Booklet-v4-online.pdf





OpenWhisk: Cloud functions as a Service



- 1. User Api Gateway
- 2. LoadBalancing, URL dispatcher
- 3. Authentication
- 4. Authorization
- 5. Discovery
- 6. Message buffer
- 7. Invoke Client Code
- 8. Obtain JSON result

FROM base-action
RUN install more tools
RUN mount filesystem
ADD more stuff
USER bind-to-UID
ENV runtime=args

% wsk action create my-workflow --docker my-action

% wsk action create my-workflow my-start-script.zip --docker my-action

% wsk action create my-workflow my-start-script.zip --native







OpenWhisk: Container as a function

```
[root@d089f8c162ce /]# ls
action
                    bin
                                media
                                              sbin
                         home
                                        PLOC
actionProxy
                    dev
                         lib
                                mnt
                                        root
                                              STV
                                                     usr
                   etc lib64
anaconda-post.log
                                opt
                                        run
                                              sys
                                                     var
[root@d089f8c162ce /]#
```

FROM centos:latest
RUN yum -y install python-pip && pip install flask
ADD actionProxy/actionproxy.py #runtime

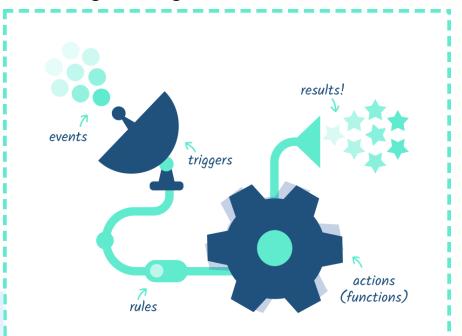
- ADD exec action/exec #executable, start-script
- Native CentOS Linux for Client Code deployment
- action/exec anything callable from start script to large binary
- actionProxy/actionproxy.py for serverless service integration
- JSON arguments in
- JSON arguments out

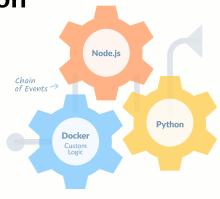




Packaging functions for event driven computation

- Execute code in response to events
- Elastic auto scaling of swarms and clusters
- Suited for data, API, Experiment Computing
- Efficient resource sharing
- Per usage billing







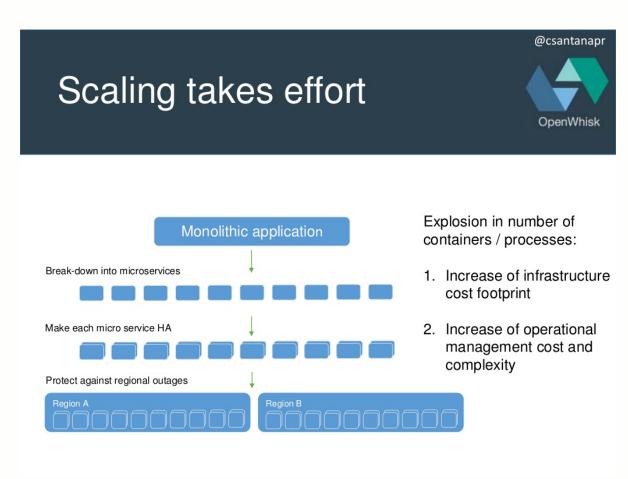






Science DevOps challenges

- Software
 - Deploy codes as microservices, stateless units
 - Licences to include new use cases and distribution channels
 - Non-public Container registries not freelyredistributable codes
- Skills and training:
 - Science DevOps
 - Science User
- On-premise/hybrid cloud
 - Infrastructure DevOps
 - Platform DevOps

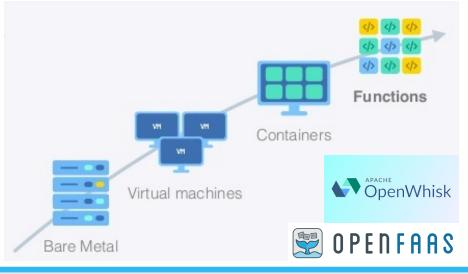






Science user perspective

- EOSCpilot Photon & Neutron Science Demonstrator: Process and index CrystFEL diffraction images
- High portability and reproducibility for large-scale distributed scientific workflows
- User-facing RESTful HTTP API
- Asyncronous and synchronous modes, periodic
- Efficient software distribution over CVMFS (file-based transfer using CernVM-FS graphdriver plugin for Docker)
- Function repository through docker registries
- Co-development, distributed teams
- Function-as-a-Service







Science user perspective

- Users interact with Jupyter Notebook spawned in individual container
 - Develop functions iteratively, tests locally
 - Export and share executable functions using FaaS
- Users can download docker container with pre-configured software and run locally, co-develop, inherit, derive
 - Distribute again on the docker registry
 - Implement on a function server
- Easily cherry pick micro services from other project namespaces
- Deploy same functions for event driven computational pipelines

Images borrowed from:

- https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhisk
- https://github.com/apache/incubator-openwhiskdevtools
- https://github.com/openfaas/faas
- https://github.com/openstack
- https://github.com/cncf/landscape

Thank you!

