Aug 19, 2015

### REFLECTOMETER

# **REFLECTOMETER** Soft X-Ray (UHV-) Ten Axis Diffractometer

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The reflectometer is a multipurpose instrument to determine the optical properties of mirrors, multilayers, gratings, reflection zone plates, films, crystals in reflection or transmission. The experiments can be carried out at a fixed photon energy as function of the angle or as function of energy for a certain angle. The main feature of this Reflectometer is the possibility to incorporate real live-sized gratings or mirrors with a length up to 360 mm and a weight up to 4 kg. The samples are adjustable within six degrees of freedom by a novel UHV-tripod system.

The reflectivity can be measured at all incidence angles for both s- and p-polarization geometry. Azimuthal sample scan is realized by a large goniometer (Huber model 430), while incidence angle and the detector arm are scanned by Huber model 411 goniometers.

The UHV-chamber is evacuated by a 2000 l/s turbomolecular pump. The base pressure is better than  $5 \times 10^{-9}$  mbar. A liquid nitrogen cold trap and a Titanium sublimation pump can be activated additionally.

The reflectometer is located in a clean room hutch and coupled permanently to the Optics Beamline at DIP 1.1 operating in the UV and XUV range with the polarization adjustable to either linear or elliptical.

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### **REFLECTOMETER Typical experiments**

- At-Wavelength Metrology on large samples
- Reflection grating characaterisation and calibration
- Development and performance tests on optical elements:
- Mirrors, Multilayers, Zone Plates, Thin films, Crystals
- Measurements of reflectivity, efficiency, transmission, diffraction as fct. incidence/azimuthal angle or photon energy
- Characterisation of optical surfaces
- Scattering (specular non specular)
- Straylight, surface roughness and energy resolution

## References

- 1. F. Eggenstein *et al.*, "A reflectometer for at-wavelength characterization of XUV-reflection gratings", Proc. of SPIE Vol. 9206, 920607, pp. 1 12 (2014)
- F. Eggenstein, *et al.*, "A reflectometer for at-wavelength characterization of gratings", Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A710, 166–171 (2013)
- A. A. Sokolov *et al.*, "An XUV Optics Beamline at BESSY II" Proc. of SPIE Vol. 9206 92060J, pp. 1 - 13 (2014)



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### Motors of the 10-axes Reflectometer

SA DETECTOR	tz en
	try ty
detx twt	trx tx

Axis	Name	Max. Range
SAMPLE		
X-trans.	trp1-ttx	-22 – 22 mm*
Y-trans.	trp2-tty	-22 – 22 mm*
Z-trans.	trp3 – ttz	-22 – 22 mm*
X-rot.	trp4-trx	-5° – 5°*
Y-rot.	trp5-try	-5° - 5°*
Z-rot.	trp6 – trz	-5° - 5°*
Theta	gon3 – tha	-180° – 180°
DETECTOR		* Not simultaneously accessible
Azimuth	gon1-beta2	-180° - 180°
2theta (in-plane)	gon2 – twt	-180° - 180°
Off-plane	gon4 – detx	-4° - 4°

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Efficiency of a blazed diffraction grating

Polarisation of incident beam

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TECHNICAL DATA				
Samples	Gratings, Multilayers, Mirrors,			
-	Crystals, Thin films			
Maximum sample dimension	$360 \ge 60 \ge 60 = 100 = 100$			
Maximum sample weight	4 kg			
Minimum optical surface size	$5 \times 5 \text{ mm}^2$			
Incidence angular range $(\theta)$	-180° - 180°			
Azimuthal angular range ( $\beta$ )	-180° - 180°			
Sample surface scan	15 x 15 mm			
Minimum angle to normal incidence	<1°			
Minimum step size	0.001°			
Sample adjustment	Tx, Ty, Tz, Rx, Ry, Rz			
Sample electrical insulation	sample base plate electrically isolated			
Load-lock	in preparation (for samples $< 50 \times 50 \times 10 \text{ mm}^3$ )			
Detector	- GaAsP-photodiodes with/without pinhole			
	Keithley electrometer (model 6517)			
	- Channeltron (in preparation)			
	- Kerr detector (in preparation)			
Dark current	3 10 <sup>-14</sup> A			
Dynamic range	up to 8 orders of magnitude			
Entrance aperture/slit	0.16 – 2.5 mm			
Scan range in plane $(2\theta)$	-180 – 180°			
off-plane (χ)	$-4^{\circ}-4^{\circ}$			
Min. step size in plane	0.0005°			
off plane	0.001°			
Sample – Detector Distance	310 mm			
UHV-chamber				
Vacuum	<5 10 <sup>-9</sup>			
Beam height	1420 mm			
Adjustments w.r.t. floor	x, y, z, pitch, yaw, roll			
Computer control				
Computer server name	reflec.exp.bessy.de			
Software	Linux (Debian Etch) / SPEC 5.06			
Scan options	hv, $\theta$ , 2 $\theta$ , azimuth, detector off-plane, $\theta$ -2 $\theta$			
multilayers, crystals	Bragg-peak-scan ( $h\nu$ - $\theta$ - $2\theta$ )			
gratings	constant $\alpha$ , - $\beta$ , - $\alpha$ + $\beta$ , on-blaze			